

## ESP32 Robot Control Lab 2: IR Remote Speed & Motion Control

**Course:** Robotics / Embedded Systems

**Topic:** 4-Wheel Robot Control using IR Remote

**Submission Type:** Group

**Marks:** 100

### I. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this lab is to design and implement a control system for a 4-wheel robot using an IR remote controller. Students will decode IR signals and map remote buttons to robot motion and speed control.

### II. BACKGROUND

IR remote control is widely used in robotics for teleoperation. Each button sends a unique code that can be decoded by the microcontroller. This lab focuses on motion control, speed adjustment, and numeric speed entry.

### III. HARDWARE SETUP

IR Receiver:

- Signal → GPIO (e.g., 36)
- VCC → 3.3V
- GND → GND

Robot:

- ESP32
- Motor driver
- 4 DC motors

### IV. IR REMOTE ROBOT CONTROL

1. Arrow buttons control movement:

- UP → Forward
- DOWN → Backward
- LEFT → Turn Left
- RIGHT → Turn Right
- OK button stops the robot.
- Default speed = 50.
- Speed range = 0–100.

2. Speed Control Logic

- '\*' button decreases speed by 5.
- '#' button increases speed by 5.
- Speed must remain within 0–100.

### 3. Numeric Input Speed

- Buttons 1–9 store digits.
- Button 0 confirms the speed.

Example:

Press 1 → 5 → 6 → 0 → Speed = 156

If value exceeds 100, limit it to 100.

## V. FLOWCHART REQUIREMENT

Students must design a flowchart including:

1. Start
2. Initialize IR and motors
3. Read IR input
4. Identify button type
5. Update speed or motion
6. Apply limits
7. Drive motors
8. Loop

## VI. DEMONSTRATION

Students must demonstrate:

- All motion directions
- Speed increase/decrease
- Numeric speed entry
- Stop function

## VII. SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

1. Source code (.ino)
2. Flowchart diagram
3. Video demonstration
4. Short explanation (½ page)